## QUIZ - MATH GRADE 11

1. (15\%) Given the following equation $2 \cos (2 x)=1$
a. (8\%) Find the general solution
b. (7\%) Find all the solutions in the interval $[-\pi, \pi]$
2. ( $15 \%$ ) Given the following equation $\sin \left(\frac{x^{\mathrm{o}}}{2}\right)+1=0$
a. (8\%) Find the general solution
b. $(7 \%)$ Find all the solutions in the interval $\left[-500^{\circ}, 500^{\circ}\right]$
3. $(20 \%)$ Given the following equation $-\sqrt{3} \tan (3 x)=1$
a. $(10 \%)$ Find the general solution
b. $(10 \%)$ Find all the solutions in the interval $[0,2 \pi]$
4. (30\%) Given the equation $\operatorname{Cos}(2 x)-\cos (x)=0$
a. (5\%) Show that the equation can be written as $2 \operatorname{Cos}^{2}(x)-\cos (x)-1=0$
b. (15\%) Find all the general solutions of the equation (either by factoring or change of variable)
c. $(10 \%)$ Find all the solutions of the equation in the interval $[-\pi, \pi]$
5. (20\%) Given the function $f(x)=-3 \sin (0.7 x+3)+2$. Find the value of k for which $f(x)=k$ has
a. (7\%) No solution
b. (7\%) Infinite solutions
c. (6\%) Is there any value of $k$ for which the equation has a finite number of solutions? explain
