Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## QUIZ - FREQUENCY DIAGRAMS

1. (75\%) A group of students obtained the following grades:
$77,55,79,89,66,64,76,72,95,64,53,68,83,94,79,63$

| Grade | M | fi | Fi | $\mathrm{Fi} \%$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $51-60$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |

a. (5\%) This data is Discrete / Continuous (circle the right answer)
b. (25\%) Fill the table with appropriate data.
c. (5\%) Write down the modal group:
d. $(5 \%)$ Organize the data in an increasing order:
e. $(15 \%)$ Use the raw data (not the table) to find
b. $(5 \%)$ Median $=$ $\qquad$
c. $(10 \%)$ Inter-quartile Range $=$ $\qquad$
f. ( $15 \%$ ) Introduce into your GDC the relevant 2 columns from the table to find:
b. $(5 \%)$ Median $=$ $\qquad$
c. $(10 \%)$ Inter-quartile Range $=$ $\qquad$
g. (5\%) As you can see we can obtain the different statistical parametes in different methods (grouping data and without grouping it), comment on the advantages and disadvantages of each method:
2. (25\%) Given the following cumulative frequency graph the number of rainy days in a study of 80 different years.


Find
a. (5\%) The first Quartile: $\qquad$
b. (5\%) The median: $\qquad$
c. (5\%) The Inter-quartile Range: $\qquad$
d. (5\%) Percentile 40: $\qquad$
e. (5\%) The number of years with more than 60 rainy days: $\qquad$

